RISE Charter School

Year Ended June 30, 2024

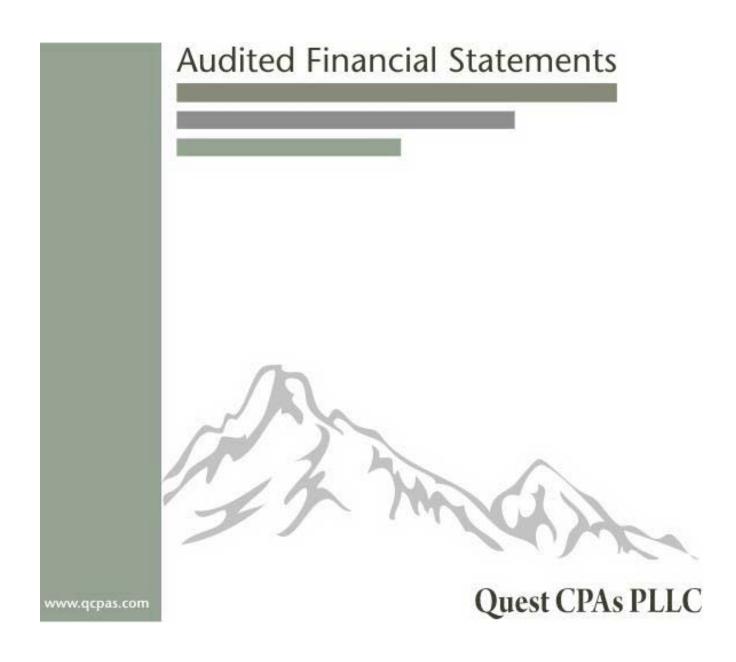


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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors RISE Charter School

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of RISE Charter School (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on All Other Opinion Units Described Below

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

Management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recognition and measurement of an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to the other postemployment benefits as well as note disclosures and required supplementary information. The amount by which the departure would affect net position, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expenses, note disclosures, and required supplementary information has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of employer contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. S Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2024, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Meridian, Idaho August 16, 2024

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$749,197
Receivables:	
Local Sources	1,700
State Sources	98,330
Federal Sources	11,360
Total Current Assets	860,587
Noncurrent Assets	
Depreciable Net Capital Assets	1,371,348
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,371,348
Total Assets	2,231,935
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Items	341,656
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	341,656
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$2,573,591
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$37,291
Salaries & Benefits Payable	152,608
Unspent Grant Allocation	0
Long-Term Liabilities, Current	154,636
Total Current Liabilities	344,535
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Liabilities, Noncurrent	2,234,345
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,234,345
Total Liabilities	2,578,880
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Items	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,578,880
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(388,453)
Restricted:	(500,155)
Special Programs	54,337
Unrestricted	328,827
Total Net Position	(5,289)
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$2,573,591
The second secon	<i>+-,0,0,1</i>

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions A Governmental Activities Instructional Programs Secondary School \$1,233 \$67,362 \$1,233 \$1,233 \$1,233 \$1,233 \$1,234 <t< th=""><th>(\$1,233) (811,754) (1,503) 0</th></t<>	(\$1,233) (811,754) (1,503) 0
Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions A Governmental Activities Instructional Programs Instructional Programs \$1,233 \$6,362 \$67,362 <	(\$1,233) (811,754) (1,503) 0 0
Governmental Activities Instructional Programs \$1,233 Elementary School \$79,116 \$67,362 Special Education 61,939 60,436 School Activity 0 0 Support Service Programs 3,697 3,697 Attendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 6,965 Educational Media 0 0	(\$1,233) (811,754) (1,503) 0 0
Instructional Programs \$1,233 Elementary School \$79,116 \$67,362 Special Education 61,939 60,436 School Activity 0 0 Support Service Programs Stendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 Educational Media	(811,754) (1,503) 0 0
Elementary School \$1,233 Secondary School 879,116 \$67,362 Special Education 61,939 60,436 School Activity 0 0 Support Service Programs 829 3,697 Attendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 Educational Media 0 0	(811,754) (1,503) 0 0
Secondary School 879,116 \$67,362 Special Education 61,939 60,436 School Activity 0 Support Service Programs 3,697 3,697 Attendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 40,965 Educational Media 0 0	(811,754) (1,503) 0 0
Special Education 61,939 60,436 School Activity 0 0 Support Service Programs 3,697 3,697 Attendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 4 Educational Media 0 0	(1,503) 0 0 0
School Activity 0 Support Service Programs 3,697 Attendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 Educational Media 0	0 0 0
Support Service Programs Attendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 Educational Media 0	0
Attendance - Guidance - Health 3,697 3,697 Special Education Support Services 829 829 Instruction Improvement 6,965 Educational Media 0	0
Special Education Support Services829829Instruction Improvement6,965Educational Media0	0
Instruction Improvement 6,965 Educational Media 0	
Educational Media 0	
	(6,965)
	0
Instruction-Related Technology 40,577 49,733	9,156
Board of Education 8,945	(8,945)
District Administration 351,211	(351,211)
School Administration 0	0
Business Operation 0	0
Buildings - Care 105,509	(105,509)
Maintenance - Student Occupied 109	(109)
Maintenance - Grounds 0	0
Pupil-To-School Transportation 0	0
Non-Instructional Programs	
Child Nutrition 0	0
Student Activity 0 \$370	370
Capital Assets - Student Occupied 195,607	(195,607)
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied 0	0
Total \$1,655,737 \$370 \$182,057 \$0	(1,473,310)
General Revenues	
Local Revenue	54,790
State Revenue	1,672,848
Federal Revenue	1,072,048
Pension Revenue (Expense)	(183,470)
Total	1,544,168
Total	1,544,108
Change in Net Position	70,858
Net Position - Beginning	(76,147)
Net Position - Ending	(\$5,289)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General Fund	CSP Grant	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$670,327		\$78,870	\$749,197
Receivables:				
Local Sources	1,700		0	1,700
State Sources	85,170		13,160	98,330
Federal Sources		\$1,750	9,610	11,360
Prepaid Expenditures			0	0
Due From Other Funds	24,520		0	24,520
Total Assets	\$781,717	\$1,750	\$101,640	\$885,107
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$12,758		\$24,533	\$37,291
Due To Other Funds		\$1,750	22,770	24,520
Salaries & Benefits Payable	152,608		0	152,608
Unspent Grant Allocation			0	0
Total Liabilities	165,366	1,750	47,303	214,419
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable			0	0
Restricted:				
Special Programs			54,337	54,337
Unassigned	616,351		0	616,351
Total Fund Balances	616,351	0	54,337	670,688
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$781,717	\$1,750	\$101,640	\$885,107

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$670,688
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,371,348
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,388,981)
Pension deferred outflows/inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	341,656
Net Position of Governmental Activities	(\$5,289)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	CSP Grant	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		-		
Local Revenue	\$76,855		\$17,625	\$94,480
State Revenue	1,672,848		66,590	1,739,438
Federal Revenue		\$14,882	61,265	76,147
Total Revenues	1,749,703	14,882	145,480	1,910,065
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	1,389		0	1,389
Secondary School	969,113	14,882	17,915	1,001,910
Special Education	1,503		60,436	61,939
School Activity			0	0
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health			3,697	3,697
Special Education Support Services			829	829
Instruction Improvement	6,965		0	6,965
Educational Media			0	0
Instruction-Related Technology			40,577	40,577
Board of Education	8,945		0	8,945
District Administration	351,211		0	351,211
School Administration			0	0
Business Operation			0	0
Buildings - Care	213,893		0	213,893
Maintenance - Student Occupied	109		0	109
Maintenance - Grounds			0	0
Pupil-To-School Transportation			0	0
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition			0	0
Student Activity			0	0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied			0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied			0	0
Total Expenditures	1,553,128	14,882	123,454	1,691,464
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	196,575	0	22,026	218,601
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			0	0
Transfers Out	·		0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	196,575	0	22,026	218,601
Fund Balances - Beginning	419,776	0	32,311	452,087
Fund Balances - Ending	\$616,351	\$0	\$54,337	\$670,688

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$218,601

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or allocated over the appropriate term as amortization expense. This is the excess of capital outlays over (under) depreciation/amortization expense in the current period.

(185,107)

Repayment of long-term liability principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

108,384

Changes in net pension asset/liability and related pension deferred outflows/inflows do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.

(71,020)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$70,858

Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u> – RISE Charter School (the School) is organized as a nonprofit corporation providing public charter school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code.

Idaho Code Section 33-5210(3) requires charter schools to comply with the same financial reporting requirements imposed on school districts, i.e. – on a governmental, rather than nonprofit, basis of accounting. Additionally, enabling legislation creates charter schools as public entities, i.e. – as public schools, subject to provisions common with other governmental entities as set forth in Idaho Code Section 33-5204. Accordingly, the School's basis of presentation follows the governmental, rather than nonprofit, reporting model.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to charter schools. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements</u> - The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds, when present, are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a

Notes to Financial Statements

separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Major special revenue funds include the CSP grant fund, which is used to account for certain funding for expansion of operations.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash</u> – Nearly all the cash balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash are reported in each fund as cash. Interest earned on pooled cash is paid to the general fund unless Idaho Code specifies otherwise.

Receivables – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of depreciable assets is recorded using the straight-line method.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Leases/SBITAs and Amortization</u> — Material long-term leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) are reported in accordance with the provisions of GASB 87 *Leases* and GASB 96 *SBITAs*. When incurred, amortization over the appropriate lease or SBITA term is recorded using the straight-line method.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded. Compensated absences will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

Other Post-Employment Benefits — The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis. Other post-employment benefits will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability and pension revenue/expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Pension obligations will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

Net Position – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u> – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted or unrestricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Income Taxes</u> – The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code except for income, if any, derived from unrelated business activities. The School's tax returns for the current year and prior two years are subject to examination by the IRS and state tax authorities, generally for three years after they are filed.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Interfund Activity</u> – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consist of the following at year end:

Cash - Deposits	\$81,646
Investments - Local Gov't Investment Pool	667,551
Total	\$749,197

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$81,646 and the bank balances were \$120,603. The bank balances were insured.

Notes to Financial Statements

Interest rate risk:

	Investment Maturity Schedule (In Years)		
Investment Type	Less Than 1	Total	
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$667,551	\$667,551	
Total	\$667,551	\$667,551	

Credit rate risk:

	Investment Rati	Investment Rating Schedule		
Investment Type	Not Rated	Total		
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$667,551	\$667,551		
Total	\$667,551	\$667,551		

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

The local government investment pool is managed by the state treasurer's office and is invested in accordance with state statutes and regulations. The local government investment pool is not registered with the SEC and is a short-term investment pool. The state treasurer's office investment policy for the local government investment pool includes the following three primary objectives in order of priority: safety, liquidity, and yield. Participants have overnight availability to their funds, up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of \$10 million or more require three business days' notification. More information on the local governmental investment pool including regulatory information, ratings, and risk information can be found at www.sto.idaho.gov.

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

		Special	
	General	Revenue	
	Fund	Funds	Total
Local Sources			
Other Local Sources	\$1,700		\$1,700
Total	\$1,700	:	\$1,700
State Sources			
Foundation Program	\$85,170		\$85,170
Special Programs		\$13,160	13,160
Total	\$85,170	\$13,160	\$98,330
Federal Sources			
Special Programs		\$11,360	\$11,360
Total		\$11,360	\$11,360

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Depreciable/Amortizable Capital As	sets			
Equipment	\$0	\$10,500		\$10,500
Leased Buildings	1,945,569			1,945,569
Subtotal	1,945,569	10,500	\$0	1,956,069
Accumulated Depreciation	_			
Equipment	0	1,050		1,050
Subtotal	0	1,050	0	1,050
Accumulated Amortization				
Leased Buildings	389,114	194,557		583,671
Subtotal	389,114	194,557	0	583,671
Total	1,556,455	(185,107)	0	1,371,348
Net Capital Assets	\$1,556,455	(\$185,107)	\$0	\$1,371,348

Depreciation expense of \$1,050 and amortization expense of \$194,557 were charged to the capital assets – student occupied program.

E. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At year end, the School's lease was as follows:

Lease for facilities for 10 years starting July 2021, due in payments whose annual total ranges from \$112,976 to \$345,000, with interest at 5.75%, paid through the general fund

\$1,759,801 \$1,759,801

Total

Future lease payments are estimated as follows:

Year			
_ Ende d_	Principal	Interest	Total
6/30/25	\$154,636	\$98,364	\$253,000
6/30/26	204,641	88,359	293,000
6/30/27	231,029	75,971	307,000
6/30/28	253,866	62,134	316,000
6/30/29	278,051	46,949	325,000
6/30/30-31	637,578_	42,422	680,000
Total	\$1,759,801	\$414,199	\$2,174,000

Changes in long-term liabilities are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Lease	\$1,868,185		\$108,384	\$1,759,801	\$154,636
Net Pension Liability	591,457	\$37,723		629,180	
Total	\$2,459,642	\$37,723	\$108,384	\$2,388,981	\$154,636

Interest and related costs of \$97,313 were charged to the buildings - care program in the statement of activities.

F. PENSION PLAN

Plan description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the

Notes to Financial Statements

Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and employer contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 74% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2023 it was 7.16% for general employees and 9.13% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The School's contributions were \$112,450 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Pension asset/liabilities, pension revenue (expense), and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2023, the School's proportion was 0.01576628%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$183,470). At June 30, 2024, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De fe rre d	De fe rre d	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$107,846		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	62,302		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	59,058		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	112,450		
Total	\$341,656	\$0	

\$112,450 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the pension revenue (expense) in the year ending June 30, 2025.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2023 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 is 4.6 and 4.4 for the measurement period June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue (expense) as follows:

Year	
Ende d	
6/30/25	(\$81,511)
6/30/26	(38,304)
6/30/27	(119,158)
6/30/28	9,767_
Total	(\$229,206)

Actuarial assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

Notes to Financial Statements

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases including inflation	3.05%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expenses	6.35%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.00%

Contributing members, service retirement members, and beneficiaries

General Employees and All Beneficiaries - Males General Employees and All Beneficiaries - Females	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 11% Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 21%
Teachers - Males	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 12%
Teachers - Females	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police - Males	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police - Females	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 26%
	5% of Fire & Police active member deaths are
	assumed to be duty related. This assumption was
	adopted July 1, 2021.
Disabled Members - Males	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 38%
Disabled Members - Females	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 36%

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	0%	0.00%
Large Cap	18%	4.50%
Small/Mid Cap	11%	4.70%
International Equity	15%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	10%	4.90%
Domestic Fixed	20%	-0.25%
TIPS	10%	-0.30%
Real Estate	8%	3.75%
Private Equity	8%	6.00%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.35 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% I		1% Increase
	(5.35%)	(6.35%)	(7.35%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,131,607	\$629,180	\$218,541

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Impact on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net

Notes to Financial Statements

pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan when deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

G. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

		Due From Fund		
	CSP Nonmajor			
	Grant	Governmental	Total	
Due To Fund				
General	\$1,750	\$22,770	\$24,520	
Total	\$1,750	\$22,770	\$24,520	

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted A			Final Budget Variance
	(GAAP E		Actual	Positive
General Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	\$ 0	062.150	P76 955	¢14.705
Local Revenue	\$0	\$62,150	\$76,855	\$14,705
State Revenue	1,701,478	1,621,221	1,672,848	51,627
Federal Revenue	1.701.470	0	1.740.703	0
Total Revenues	1,701,478	1,683,371	1,749,703	66,332
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs			1 200	(1.200)
Elementary School	0	0	1,389	(1,389)
Secondary School	1,087,920	1,004,236	969,113	35,123
Special Education	0	1,400	1,503	(103)
School Activity	0	0	0	0
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health	0	0	0	0
Special Education Support Services	0	0	0	0
Instruction Improvement	11,500	6,150	6,965	(815)
Educational Media	500	0	0	0
Instruction-Related Technology	0	0	0	0
Board of Education	16,500	6,700	8,945	(2,245)
District Administration	258,757	365,594	351,211	14,383
School Administration	0	0	0	0
Business Operation	0	0	0	0
Buildings - Care	231,750	207,021	213,893	(6,872)
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0	50	109	(59)
Maintenance - Grounds	0	0	0	0
Pupil-To-School Transportation	5,000	0	0	0
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	3,875	0	0	0
Student Activity	0	0	0	0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	1,615,802	1,591,151	1,553,128	38,023
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	85,676	92,220	196,575	104,355
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	,	- , -	/	- ,
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	85,676	92,220	196,575	104,355
Fund Balances - Beginning	238,646	419,776	419,776	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$324,322	\$511,996	\$616,351	\$104,355
	\$2.1,2.22	4011,550	4010,001	Ψ10.,000
	*Total expenditures (over) under approp	riations.	\$38,023

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted A			Final Budget Variance	
CCD Court	(GAAP B		Actual	Positive	
CSP Grant Revenues	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Local Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
State Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Federal Revenue	0	13,132	14,882	*	
Total Revenues	0 -	13,132	14,882	1,750 1,750	
Expenditures		15,152	14,002	1,730	
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	0	0	0	0	
Secondary School	0	13,132	14,882	(1,750)	
Special Education	0	15,132	0	(1,750)	
-	0	0	0	0	
School Activity Support Service Programs	U	U	U	U	
Attendance - Guidance - Health	0	0	0	0	
Special Education Support Services	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	
Instruction Improvement Educational Media	0	0	0	0	
Instruction-Related Technology	0	0	0	0	
Board of Education	0	0	0	0	
District Administration	0	0	0	0	
School Administration	0	0	0	0	
Business Operation	0	0	0	0	
Buildings - Care	0	0	0	0	
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0	0	0	0	
Maintenance - Grounds	0	0	0	0	
Pupil-To-School Transportation	0	0	0	0	
Non-Instructional Programs	U	U	U	U	
Child Nutrition	0	0	0	0	
Student Activity	0	0	0	0	
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0	0	0	0	
Capital Assets - Student Occupied Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures		13.132	14.882	(1,750) *	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		13,132	14,002	(1,750)	
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	V	O	V	U	
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances			0		
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	<u> </u>	\$0	\$0	
•	*Total expenditures (-	<u>·</u>	(\$1,750)	

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Asset and Liability*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Employer's Portion of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportional Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension (Asset) Liability
2023	0.01501634%	\$591,457	\$592,161	99.88%	83.09%
2024	0.01576628%	\$629,180	\$670,369	93.86%	83.83%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

		Schedule of Emplo	yer contributions		
		Contributions			
		in Relation to			Contributions
Fiscal Year	Actuarially	Actuarially	Contribution		as a Percentage
Ended	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
June 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2023	\$80,042	\$80,042	\$0	\$670,369	11.94%
2024	\$112,450	\$112,450	\$0	\$886,131	12.69%

Schedules above intended to show information for 10 years. Information for additional years will be presented as it

^{*}As of the measurement date of the net pension (asset) liability.

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds			
	United Way Community Grant	Idaho DRV Grant	First Federal Grant	Wilber-Ellis Grant
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$10,000			\$2,500
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources		\$13,160		
Federal Sources				
Prepaid Expenditures				
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	\$10,000	\$13,160	\$0	\$2,500
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds		\$13,160		
Salaries & Benefits Payable				
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	\$0	13,160	\$0	\$0
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	10,000			2,500
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	10,000	0	0	2,500
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$10,000	\$13,160	\$0	\$2,500

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Special	Revenue	Funds
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		Special Reve	nuc runus	
	Student Activity	Technology	Substance Abuse	School Based Medicaid
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$370	\$59,314	\$6,686	
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources				\$9,610
Prepaid Expenditures				
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	\$370	\$59,314	\$6,686	\$9,610
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		\$21,280	\$3,253	
Due To Other Funds				\$9,610
Salaries & Benefits Payable				
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	\$0	21,280	3,253	9,610
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	370	38,034	3,433	
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	370	38,034	3,433	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$370	\$59,314	\$6,686	\$9,610

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Total
Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$78,870
Receivables:	
Local Sources	0
State Sources	13,160
Federal Sources	9,610
Prepaid Expenditures	0
Due From Other Funds	0
Total Assets	\$101,640
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$24,533
Due To Other Funds	22,770
Salaries & Benefits Payable	0
Unspent Grant Allocation	0
Total Liabilities	47,303
Fund Balances	
Nonspendable	0
Restricted:	
Special Programs	54,337
Unassigned	0
Total Fund Balances	54,337
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$101,640

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds			
	United Way Community Grant	Idaho DRV Grant	First Federal Grant	Wilber-Ellis Grant
Revenues				
Local Revenue	\$10,000		\$4,755	\$2,500
State Revenue		\$13,160		
Federal Revenue				
Total Revenues	10,000	13,160	4,755	2,500
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School		13,160	4,755	
Special Education				
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Special Education Support Services				
Instruction Improvement				
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Student Activity				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Total Expenditures	0	13,160	4,755	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	10,000	0	0	2,500
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,000	0	0	2,500
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,500

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Student Activity	Technology	Substance Abuse	School Based Medicaid
Revenues				
Local Revenue	\$370			
State Revenue		\$49,733	\$3,697	
Federal Revenue				\$61,265
Total Revenues	370	49,733	3,697	61,265
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School				
Special Education				60,436
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health			3,697	
Special Education Support Services				829
Instruction Improvement				
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology		40,577		
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Student Activity				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Total Expenditures	0	40,577	3,697	61,265
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			<u> </u>	
Over Expenditures	370	9,156	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		,		
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	370	9,156	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	28,878	3,433	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$370	\$38,034	\$3,433	\$0
•				

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Total
Revenues	
Local Revenue	\$17,625
State Revenue	66,590
Federal Revenue	61,265
Total Revenues	145,480
Expenditures	
Instructional Programs	
Elementary School	0
Secondary School	17,915
Special Education	60,436
School Activity	0
Support Service Programs	
Attendance - Guidance - Health	3,697
Special Education Support Services	829
Instruction Improvement	0
Educational Media	0
Instruction-Related Technology	40,577
Board of Education	0
District Administration	0
School Administration	0
Business Operation	0
Buildings - Care	0
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0
Maintenance - Grounds	0
Pupil-To-School Transportation	0
Non-Instructional Programs	
Child Nutrition	0
Student Activity	0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0
Total Expenditures	123,454
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over Expenditures	22,026
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers In	0
Transfers Out	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	22,026
Fund Balances - Beginning	32,311
Fund Balances - Ending	\$54,337
S	



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors RISE Charter School

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the RISE Charter School (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2024. In our report, we expressed a qualified opinion on the governmental activities as management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Meridian, Idaho August 16, 2024